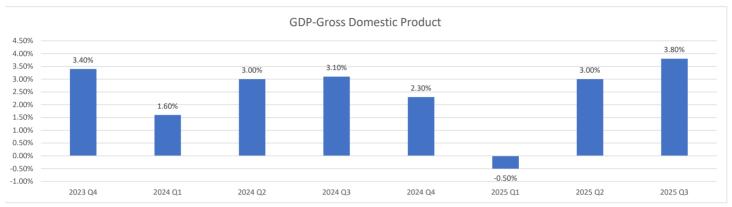


## **Economic Indicators**

These economic indicators are gathered from public sources and are as current as the release of the underlying data. The most recent month indicates the most recent data available and additional trailing 12 months data is included where applicable.

These charts are updated monthly.



www.bea.gov (% change from previous quarter) Source:

Gross Domestic Product (GDP) measures the size of a country's economy by calculating the value of everything produced within its borders, including goods and services for consumption, investment, and government spending.

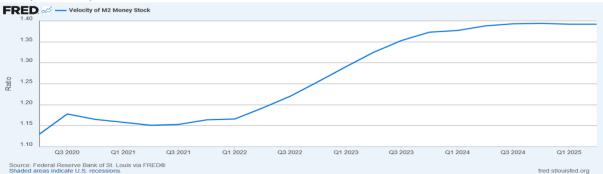


(billion \$) Seasonally Adjusted

www.rederalreserve.gov/releases/h6 Source:

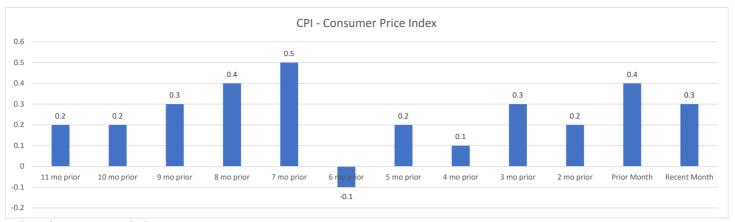
M2 is a measurement of the nation's money supply that estimates all of the cash that everyone has in hand or in short-term bank deposits.

## Velocity of M2 Money Stock



Calculated as the ratio of quarterly nominal GDP to the quarterly average of M2 money stock

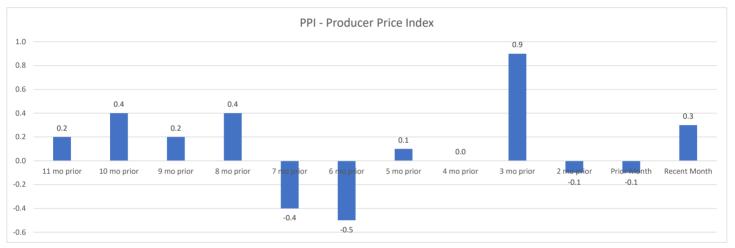
https://fred.stlouisfed.org/series/M2V Previous 5 years from most recent quarter Source:



% change from previous month-all items

Source: www.bls.gov/cpi/

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure of the average change over time in the prices paid by urban consumers for a market basket of consumer goods and services.



% change from previous month - total final demand

www.bls.gov/ppi/

The Producer Price Index (PPI) program measures the average change over time in the selling prices received by domestic producers for their output. The prices included in the PPI are from the first commercial transaction for many products and some services.



Index 1985=100

https://conference-board.org/data/consumerconfidence.cfm

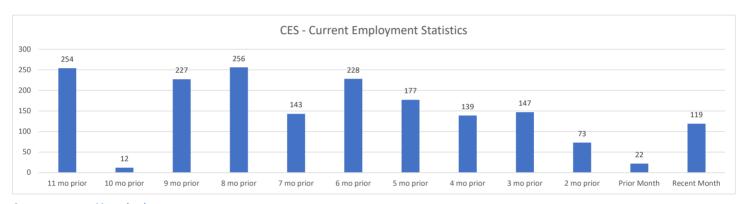
The Consumer Confidence Survey® reflects prevailing business conditions and likely developments for the months ahead. This monthly report details consumer attitudes, buying intentions, vacation plans, and consumer expectations for inflation, stock prices, and interest rates.



Diffusion Index, SA

Source: <a href="https://www.economy.com/united-states/purchasing-managers-index">https://www.economy.com/united-states/purchasing-managers-index</a>

A PMI index over 50 represents growth or expansion within the manufacturing sector of the economy compared with the prior month. A reading under 50 represents contraction, and a reading at 50 indicates an equal balance between manufacturers reporting advances and declines in their business.



Source: <u>www.bls.gov/ces/</u>

The Current Employment Statistics (CES) program produces detailed industry estimates of nonfarm employment, hours, and earnings of workers on payrolls.



(million \$) Total

Source: <a href="https://www.census.gov/retail/index.html">https://www.census.gov/retail/index.html</a>

Advance Monthly Retail Trade Survey - The Advance Monthly Sales for Retail and Food Services provides early estimates of monthly sales for companies in the retail trade and food services sectors.



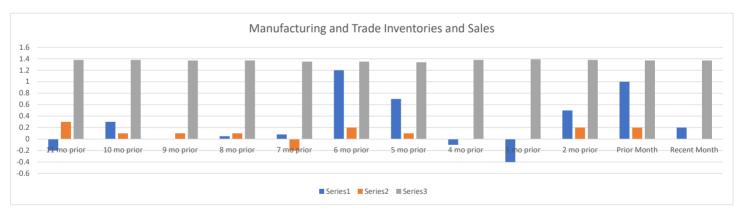
Source: https://www.census.gov/construction/nrc/pdf/newresconst.pdf

The U.S. Housing Starts report is a critical indicator of the health of the housing market and broader economy. Tracking the number of new residential construction projects each month, this data offers insights into the direction of the real estate market, construction industry, and economic growth.



Source: <a href="https://www.census.gov/construction/c30/c30index.html">https://www.census.gov/construction/c30/c30index.html</a>

A construction spending report is highly relevant as it acts as a key economic indicator, providing insights into the overall health of an economy by measuring the level of investment in new construction projects, which can signal future economic growth or slowdown depending on the trend of spending; it is closely watched by investors, analysts, and policymakers to gauge economic activity and inform investment decisions.



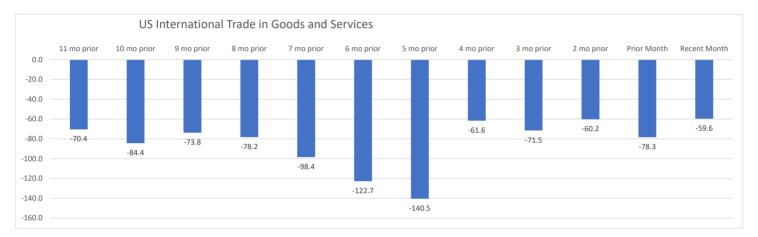
Series 1 = Sales Series 2 = Inventories
Source: https://www.census.gov/mtis/index.html

Series 3 = Inventory/Sales Ratio

The purpose of this report is to provide broad and timely measures of combined changes in domestic retail trade, wholesale trade and manufacturers' activities. It provides the only source of monthly data on total business activities of retail trade, wholesale trade, and manufacturers.



Source: https://finance.yahoo.com/quote/%5EGSPC/history?p=%5EGSPC



Source: www.bea.gov

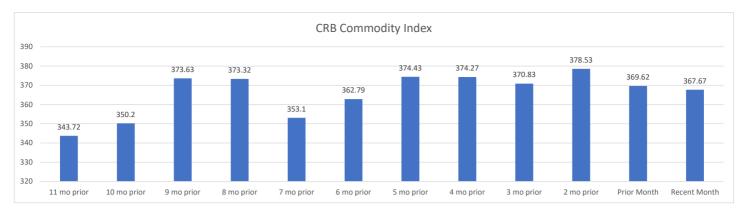
The U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services report is important because it provides information about the country's trade with other countries and how this trade impacts the economy.

## **Employment Cost Index Manufacturing (Total Compensation not seasonally adjusted)**

Employment cost index islandiacturing (Total compensation not seasonally adjusted)										
	Indexes December 2005 = 100		%Changes for							
			3 months ended		12 months ended					
	Jun-24	Mar-24	Jun-25	Jun-24	Mar-24	Jun-25	Jun-24	Mar-24	Jun-25	
Manufacturing	159.6	163.1	164.922	0.9	1.1	1.1	3.8	3.2	3.3	
Management, professional, and related	154	156.7	158.614	1	1.1	1.2	3.4	2.8	3	
Sales and office occupations	163.9	166.7	168.738	0.1	0.8	1.2	3.4	1.8	3	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	159.6	163.7	166.297	1.1	0.6	1.6	4	3.7	4.2	
Production, transportation, and material moving	163.1	167.3	168.895	1.2	1.1	1	4.2	3.8	3.6	

Source: <a href="https://www.bls.gov/news.release/eci.t05.htm">https://www.bls.gov/news.release/eci.t05.htm</a>

The Employment Cost Index, or ECI, is a Principal Federal Economic Indicator that provides data on how labor costs are changing and how the economy is performing. The ECI measures changes in labor costs by tracking the cost of employees to employers.



Source: <a href="https://tradingeconomics.com/commodity/crb">https://tradingeconomics.com/commodity/crb</a>

Thomson Reuters/CoreCommodity CRB Index is calculated using arithmetic average of commodity futures prices with monthly rebalancing. The index consists of 19 commodities: Aluminum, Cocoa, Coffee, Copper, Corn, Cotton, Crude Oil, Gold, Heating Oil, Lean Hogs, Live Cattle, Natural Gas, Nickel, Orange Juice, RBOB Gasoline, Silver, Soybeans, Sugar and Wheat. Those commodities are sorted into 4 groups, with different weightings: Energy: 39%, Agriculture: 41%, Precious Metals: 7%, Base/Industrial Metals: 13%.

## **US Dollar Exchange Rates Table**

Nov 26, 2025 12:08 UTC

US Dollar	1.00 USD	inv. 1.00 USD	
Euro	0.864228	1.157102	EUR
British Pound	0.760181	1.315477	GBP
Indian Rupee	89.25317	0.011204	INR
Australian Dollar	1.541183	0.648852	AUD
Canadian Dollar	1.409224	0.709611	CAD
Singapore Dollar	1.298971	0.76984	SGD
Swiss Franc	0.806915	1.239288	CHF
Malaysian Ringgit	4.135801	0.241791	MYR
Japanese Yen	156.5385	0.006388	JPY
Chinese Yuan Renminbi	7.080091	0.141241	CNY
Mexican Peso	18.36918	0.054439	MXN
Russian Ruble	78.60174	0.012722	RUB
Hong Kong Dollar	7.777878	0.12857	HKD
Brazilian Real	5.381028	0.185838	BRL

Country	11/26/2025	9/29/2025	8/25/2025	7/25/2025
US	1	1	1	1
EUR	0.864228	0.852354	0.854847	0.85315
GBP	0.760181	0.744444	0.740599	0.743435
INR	89.253174	88.693478	87.557376	86.518824
AUD	1.541183	1.52014	1.539714	1.522742
CAD	1.409224	1.391379	1.38208	1.367266
SGD	1.298971	1.289807	1.283332	1.28118
CHF	0.806915	0.797017	0.80255	0.796816
MYR	4.135801	4.214738	4.207377	4.221533
JPY	156.538454	148.568681	147.42829	147.675518
CNY	7.080091	7.119791	7.155874	7.168382
MXN	18.369184	18.340067	18.628231	18.574923
RUB	78.601741	83.140319	80.548879	79.404036
HKD	7.777878	7.782232	7.810981	7.849326
BRL	5.381028	5.32532	5.427793	5.524694

